

COMMON ELLIPSES

In Biblical Hebrew

AND IDIOMATIC WORDS AND PHRASES

In Biblical Hebrew And Greek



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2022

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ELLIPSES

In Biblical Hebrew

An ellipsis is the omission of a word or words that are superfluous in that they can be understood from contextual clues. In antiquity, due to the limited space on clay tablets, the difficulty of engraving stone, and then the expense of parchment and paper, scribes avoided redundancy and the inclusion of words that would express the contextually obvious. Therefore, much to the puzzlement of beginners in reading biblical Hebrew, we must often mentally supply words that do not appear in the Hebrew text but that we must insert to make our English translation easily intelligible.

Ellipsis	Typical Context	Examples	References
<p>A, An (Indefinite Article)</p>	<p>An indefinite article is usually implied by an anarthrous substantive that is singular in number, though sometimes a definite article is better.</p>	<p>“a man walking” vs “he who walks”; “a true witness” vs “__ true witness”</p>	<p>Pro 14.2,5</p>
<p>Am</p>	<p>Wherever someone identifies themselves, and drops the verb from the phrase, “I am.”</p>	<p>“I am” vs simply “I,” although sometimes the emphatic, “I myself am” is justified.</p>	<p>Jdg 13.11</p>
<p>Is, Was, Will Be</p>	<p>Wherever any form of the verb “to be” is required but context makes it superfluous.</p>	<p>“a foolish son is a grief to his mother” vs. “a foolish son ___ grief to his mother”</p>	<p>Pro 10.1</p>
<p>Man, Men, Woman, Women, Person (s), One</p>	<p>Often more precise when the number and gender imply one of these terms.</p>	<p>“the head of the righteous man” vs “the head of the righteous _____”; “the man walking” vs “he who walks”</p>	<p>Pro 10.1,9</p>
<p>(Parallel Verb)</p>	<p>The same or a synonymous verb must sometimes be supplied in the second colon of a poetic couplet; sometimes the intensive <i>Even</i> will suffice.</p>	<p>“They called to the LORD ...” vs “_____ to the LORD ...”</p>	<p>Psa 18.41</p>
<p>The (Definite Article)</p>	<p>When context makes a substantive definite, the translator may supply the definite article if it is lacking in the original language.</p>	<p>“the two of them” vs “two of them”; “blessings on the head of the righteous” vs “blessings on ___ head ...”</p>	<p>Gen 22.8; Pro 10.6</p>

Ellipsis	Typical Context	Examples	References
With	Wherever context requires this preposition but context makes it superfluous.	“they will fill the world <i>with</i> fruit” vs “they will fill the world ___ fruit”	Isa 27.6

IDIOMATIC WORDS AND PHRASES

In Biblical Hebrew

An idiom (from ἴδιος, “one’s own”) is a verbal expression with a meaning peculiar to a particular language, social group, or semantic context. An idiomatic phrase expresses a meaning other than that normally signified by its constituent parts. Thus, in American English, the phrase “black and blue,” in a non-idiomatic context signifies the combination of two colors, but in the statement, “I came home from that touch-football game black and blue,” the phrase signifies *bruised*.

Idiom gives language a delightful texture, but can confuse and frustrate the person endeavoring to learn a language a foreign tongue. Biblical Hebrew and Greek are rich in idiomatic phrases, many of which will open new vistas to the imagination, but which are also apt to trip the learner when first encountered. So, for my own sake, as well as that of my fellow students of the Bible, I have begun this ongoing project of cataloging idiomatic phrases of the Scriptures as I come upon them, listing of them here in alphabetical order.

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
אַחֲרוֹן	adj.: coming after, behind	western	Zec 14.8
אַחֲרֵי-כֵן	after-thus	afterward(s), after this	Jdg 16.4; Joel 3.1
אִם	if	[BDB: Sometimes used as an interrogative particle in rhetorical speech, indicating an expected answer of No.]	Mic 4.9b: "has your Counselor perished?"; "will I take revenge among you and afterward refrain?" Jdg 15.7
אִנּוֹשׁ מְזַעַר	a man of a few	few men	Only in Isa 24.6
אֶרֶךְ אַפַּיִם	long of nostrils	slow to anger; long-suffering;	Ex 34.6; Num 14.18; Pro 14.29; Jon 4.2.
אֲשֶׁר	which, that, who	concerning, about which	Deu 27.4

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
נִי	in me, by me	particle of entreaty: I pray, excuse me, a prayer to, a petition	Jdg 13.8
בַּמָּה	in what[?]	where, how	Jdg 16.5
בֶּן-מֵאָה שָׁנָה	son of a hundred years	age of one hundred	Isa 65.20
בֶּן-מִשְׁקָה	son of acquisition	heir	Gen 15.2
דֹּר וָדֹר	generation and gener- ation	generations; many gen- erations; from genera- tion to generation;	Deu 32.7; Est 9.28; Psa145.13; Isa 13.20; 58.12; 60.15; 61.4; Jer 50.39; Joe 2.2
הֲלֹא	not?	has not occurred? or is not _____ the case?	1Ki 18.13; Pro 8.1; 22.20 Jdg 14.15?

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
חָרַת אֶפְסוֹ	his nose burned	he became very angry	Job 32.2
יָחַר אֶף	[his] nose was becoming hot/burning; Job 32.2	he was becoming very angry	Job 32.2
יָפַן	stretch out (from נָטָה)	engage in sex	Amo 1.8
עַל אֲשֶׁר	on account of which	because	Gen 22.16
כְּאֶחָד הָאָדָם	as one of the man	like one of the sons of man; like one of humankind; like any other man	Jdg 16.7, 11: the only occurrences in the OT.
כְּאֲשֶׁר	as which	just as; as though; temporal: when, after	temporal: Jdg 16.22

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
כִּי	for, because, so, therefore	<i>as emphatic particle:</i> surely, indeed, now, then	Gen 22.17; Ex 4.25; Jdg 15.7
כִּי־אִם	for/because if	(but) rather	Isa 66.18
כָּל-לִבּוֹ	all to heart his	Adverbial, whole heartedly, especially with בְּכָל	Jdg 16.17,18; cf. Jer 3.10; 24.7; 32.41; Zep 3.14; 2Ch 6.14,38; Psa 9.2; 119.2,34,58,145; 138.1; Pro 3.5
כְּמוֹ	the like of what	like, as, when	Isa 26.17
כַּפְעֵם בְּפַעֵם	like a time in time, OR like a step in time, OR like a beat in time	as usual, like at any other time, as at other times	Num 24.1; Jdg 16.20; 20.30-31; 1Sa 3.10; 20.25
לְבַד	to/for (a separate) part	alone, [yours] alone, only, against [you] only, besides, apart from	Psa 51.6; 71.16; Isa 26.13

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
לְכֵן	to/for thus	thus, therefore, in the same manner, there-upon, in that case	Isa 26.14; Zep 3.8
לְמָה	to/for what? Not to be confused with poetic לְמוֹ, to/for him/them, as in Isa 26.14.16.	why?	Mic 4.9
לְמָה זֶה	to/for what this?	why?	Num 11.20.
לְעַד	to a lasting time	permanently	Amo 1.11
לְפָנַי	to face of	before; in front of	Gen 18.22; Joel 2.3
לְרִנָּעִים	to a moment; to a short time	every moment	Job 7.18; Isa 27.3; Eze 26.16; 32.10

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
מִדֵּי שָׁנָה בְּשָׁנָה	from sufficiency of a year in/on a year	yearly, annually	1Sa 7.16
מִדֵּי-חֹדֶשׁ בְּחֹדְשׁוֹ	from sufficiency of a new moon (month) to/in his new moon (month)	monthly	Isa 66.23
מִדֵּי שַׁבָּת בְּשַׁבְּתוֹ	from sufficiency of sabbath in/to his sabbath	weekly	Isa 66.23
מֹת נָמֹת	to die we will die	we will surely die	Jdg 13.22
מִכְּנֹף	from wing of	from the edge of, from the extremity of	Isa 24.16
מִפְּנֵיךָ	from your face	from before you from your presence before you	Ex 23.29-30; Deu 33.27; 2Sa 7.9; Job 13.20 Psa 139.7 Deu 2.25; Isa 26.17

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
נָשָׂא אֶת־רֹאשׁ	lift the head	take a census	Ex 30.12
עַד־יְעֹד	until until, or unto until	forever	Psa 83.18; 92.8; 132.12,14; Isa 26.4; 65.18.
עַז־פָּנִים	strong faces	insolent, of fierce/bold countenance, stern-faced, fierce looking, ruthless	Deu 28.50; Dan 8.23
עַל־דְּבַר	upon a word/thing; to the word; cf. 1Ch 10.13; Pro 16.20; 29.12.	because of; for the sake of; on account of; in the matter of; for the cause of; concerning	Gen 12.17; 20.11,18; 43.18; Ex 8.8(12); Num 17.14 (16.49); 31.16; Deu 22.24; 23.4; 2Sa 13.22; 18.5; Psa 45.5; 79.9.
עַל־כֵּן	upon thus; upon such; upon this way; against/about such	thus, therefore, for this reason	Gen 2.24; Deu 24.18; 1Sa 10.12; Job 42.6; Psa 45.3; Ecc 5.2; Sol 1.3; Isa 50.7; Lam 3.24.
עַל־פָּנָי	upon face of [this is sometimes the correct translation, as in 2Ki 4.29]	on the surface of; in front of; before; toward; facing; beside	Ex 20.3; Jdg 16.3; Hos 10.7

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
לְקַבֵּל אֲשֶׁר	as-a-consequence of- which	because	Gen 22.18
נָשַׁבַר נְשַׁבַר	buy/sell grain grain	an example of the Heb cognate accusative, with the sing. acc. often serving as a collective noun: buy/sell much grain	Amo 8.5.
נִשְׁקַע עַל-יָרֵךְ	calf to loin	utterly, ruthlessly	cutting their legs out from under them? Jdg 15.8
נְשָׁכָם אֶחָד	one shoulder	of/in one accord	Zep 3.9
נִשְׁפַּת שְׁלוֹם	set down peace (as a pot is set on the fire)	establish peace, accomplish deliverance	Isa 26.12
נְשָׁכָם אֶחָד	shoulder one	shoulder to shoulder or with one accord	Zep 3.9

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
תַּחְתָּיו תַּחְתָּם תַּחְתֵּינוּ	under him(self); under them; under us, under our- selves	in his place, on the spot; in their place, where they stand; in our place	1Sa 14.9; 2Sa 2.23; Job 40.12; Isa 25.10; 46.7

IDIOMATIC WORDS AND PHRASES

In Biblical Greek

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
ἄλλος ... ἄλλος	another ... another	an [then] another	Rev 14.6-8
ἀνακείμενος ... ἐν τῷ κόλπῳ	reclining on the bosom	taking, or dining in, the place of honor	Joh 13.24 (see ESJ)
ἀνθ' ὧν	against which	because	2Th 2.10
ἀπ' ἄκρων ἕως τῶν ἄκρων	from end to the end	from one end to the other	Mat 24.31
αὐτὸ τοῦτο	it this	this very thing; this very reason; this very purpose	Rom 9.17; 13.6; 2Co 5.5; 7.11; Gal 2.20; Eph 6.22; Phil 1.6; Col 4.8; 2Pe 1.5
διὰ τοῦτο	through this	therefore	2Th 2.11

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
εἰ δὲ μή γε	if but not indeed	otherwise	Mat 6.1
εἰ μή	if not: Ex 33.15	unless; except; so much as	Gen 3.11; Wis 7.28; Isa 1.9; Mat 5.13; Joh 3.13; Rom 7.7; 1Ti 5.19; Rev 2.17
εἴ πως	if in a certain way, if how	if perhaps; if by any means; if somehow; somehow	Act 27.12; Rom 1.10; 11.14; Phil 3.11
εἴ τις	if anyone [usually translated literally]	whoever [translation occasionally warranted by context]	1Pe 4.11; Rev 14.11
εἰς τοὺς αἰῶνας; εἰς τοὺς αἰῶνας τῶν αἰώνων	unto the ages; unto the ages of the ages	forever; forever and ever	Luk 1.33; Rom 1.25; Heb 13.8; Rev 1.18
εἰς ὄνομα	in[to] <i>the</i> name [of]	because he is	Mat 10.41

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
ἐκ πίστεως εἰς πίστιν	out of faith into faith	by faith from first to last; by faith from start to finish; on the basis of nothing but faith; by faith alone	Rom 1.17
ἐκτὸς εἰ μὴ	unless if not	unless, with this exception	1Co 14.5; 15.2
ἐφ' ᾧ	upon which; upon whom; for/about which: Gen 38.30; Jos 5.15; 2Ki 19.10; Pro 21.22; Isa 25.9; 62.8; Act 7.33; Phil 3.12; 4.10	because	Rom 5.12; 2Co 5.4.
ἕως ὅτου	up to that	until, while	1Sa 22.3; 30.4; 1Ki 10.7; 1Ki 11.16; 2Ki 2.17; Neh 4.11; 1Ma 14.10; Eze 39.15; Dan 2.34; 7.4,9; Mat 5.25; Luk 12.50; 13.8; 22.16; Joh 9.18
ἕως ὅτου μὴ	up to that not	before	Ecc 12.1,6
ἤδη ποτὲ	already sometime	now at last	Rom 1.10

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
ἵνα μή	[in order] that not; Lev 8.35; Deu 4.21; Jos 20.9; Isa 14.21; Act 2.25; Gal 5.17; 1Th 4.13; 1Joh	lest	Gen 3.3; Deu 7.22; Pro 31.5; Mat 7.1; Joh 3.20
ἴστε γινώσκοντες	[Imperative:] know O knowing ones	Know with certainty; Be sure of this	Only in Eph 5.5
καὶ ἐτελέσθη	and was accomplished/ finished	With καὶ + Aorist acting as a Heb con- secutive perfect: <i>then will have been accom- plished</i>	Rev 10.7 (See Isbon T. Beckwith, <i>The Apoca- lypse</i>)
κατὰ τόπους	according to place	in various places; from place to place	Mat 24.7
μή πως	not in a certain manner	otherwise, lest haply	2Co 9.4
ὅπου ἔάν	where if, when if	wherever, whenever	Rut 1.16; Mat 8.29; 24.28; 26.13; Mar 6.10; 9.18; 14.9,14; Luk 9.57

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
“Ορα μή	See not!	See that you not do it!	Rev 19.10.
οὐ μή	not not	certainly not, by no means	Mat 24.2
οὐδέν ... ἔτι	nothing yet, nothing still	no longer	Mat 5.13
πόσῳ μᾶλλον	how much rather	how much more	Mat 5.11
τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ περιποιέομαι	to do something regarding one's life	to save one's soul	Luk 17.33
τί πρὸς σέ;	what to you?	what is that to you?; what concern is it of yours?	Joh 21.22

Phrase	Literal	Idiomatic	References
ὥς	as, like	[As a comparative particle it can indicate different kinds of perspectives, such as reason or relative time.] because, when	Joh 7.10